

CV180X & CV181X SDK Compilation User Guide

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Contents

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1	Discl	aimer	2
2	Build	l CVITEK Software Compilation Environment	3
	2.1	Linux Server	3
		2.1.1 Install Ubuntu on VirtualBoxVM	3
		2.1.2 Ubuntu Boot Settings	4
		2.1.3 Install SSH Server	6
		2.1.4 Install Samba Server	6
	2.2	Build a compilation environment	7
	2.3	Install SDK	8
	2.4	Compilation	9
		2.4.1 Environment Variables Description	9
		2.4.2 Compile the Entire Package	9
		2.4.2.1 Set by defconfig	10
		2.4.2.2 Set by Menuconfig	10
		2.4.3 Compile the Entire SDK Files	12
		2.4.4 Compile part of the SDK files	12
		2.4.4.1 Compile Uboot Separately	12
		2.4.4.2 Compile kernel separately	13
		2.4.4.3 Compile middleware separately	15
	2.5	Partitions	15
		2.5.1 Partition File Modification	16
3	Burn	ing Instructions	18
U	31	Preparation Before Use	18
	3.2	Operation Process	18
	3.3	Operation Example	18
	3.4	Precautions	19
	0.1		10
4	EVB	Interface Description	20
5	Root	File System (rootfs)	22
	5.1	Overview of Root File System	22
	5.2	Rootfs	23
		5.2.1 Pre-build Rootfs Structure	23
		5.2.2 Compile the rootfs from buildroot	24
		5.2.3 Package rootfs as a Burnable Image File	28
		5.2.4 Linux kernel Auto-Load rootfs	29
6	Acce	lerate Development with NFS	30
v	6 1	Ubuntu Server Side Setting Instructions	30
	6.2	EVB Side mount Description	30
	0.4		90



6.3 Precautions	. 31
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Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
0.0.0.1	2020/03/08	Initial
0.0.0.2	2022/01/28	Update Document Chapter
0.0.0.3	2022/02/17	Update root file system related information
1.0	2022/10/28	Revise for CV180X/CV181X processor.



SDK Compilation and Usage Guide

1 Disclaimer



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2 Build CVITEK Software Compilation Environment

2.1 Linux Server

Developers can choose to use:

- Ubuntu OS computer
- Windows OS computer + Virtualbox VM (run Ubuntu on it)

In both cases, install Ubuntu 20.04 LTS.

Virtualbox VM Download site: https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads

Ubuntu 20.04 LTS Download site: https://releases.ubuntu.com/20.04/ubuntu-20.04.2. 0-desktop-amd64.iso

2.1.1 Install Ubuntu on VirtualBoxVM

• Create and name the new VM



• Plan 8GB memory for VM use.

👽 Create Virtual Mach	ine	?	×
	Hardware You can modify virtual machine's hardware by changing amount of RAM and virtual CPU count. Enabling EFI is also possible. Base Memory: 4 MB 163 Processors: 1 CPU D Enable EFI (special OSes only)	84 MB 28 CPVs	B €
Kelp	<u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext	<u>C</u> an	cel

• Reserve 200GB hard disk space for subsequent storage of SDK.



2.1.2 Ubuntu Boot Settings

• First boot requires mounting the installation disk's ISO file

😳 Ubuntu 20.04 - Settings				-		×
General	Storage					
System	Storage Devices	Attributes	ame: SATA			_
Display	ubuntu-22.04.2-desktop-amd64.iso	Ŀ	/pe: AHCI			~
Storage	🐣 Controller: SATA	Ca 💁 Port Cou	mt: 1		1.5	\$
Audio	- 🔎 Vbuntu 20.04. vdi		Use Host I/O Cache			
Network		and the second second				
Serial Ports		19				
j USB						
Shared Folders	and the second se					
User Interface						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		A A 🗖 🖂				
L		🛥 🍻 🚾 📖	OK	Cancel	Hel	p

• Start Installation

🐝 test [Running] - Oracle VM \ File Machine View Input	/irtualBox Devices Help			×
	Apr 21 10:02		A 4	0 4
	Install			×
Welcome				
English Español Esperanto Euskara Français Gaeilge Galego Hrvatski Íslenska Italiano Kurdî Latviski Lietuviškai Magyar Nederlands No localization (UTF-8) Norsk bokmål Norsk pyporsk	Try Ubuntu You can try Ubuntu without making any of this CD. Or if you're ready, you can install Ubunto operating system. This shouldn't take to operating system. This shouldn't take to the release notes.	Install Ubun changes to your computer, d u alongside (or instead of) yo oo long.	tu irectly from our current	
] 🕞 📜 🗗 🤌 💷 💾 🛛	📔 🏈 💽 Right	Ctrl

• Set up VirtualBox Host-only Ethernet Adapter for Host to communicate with VirtualBox (terminal services and files sharing)

😳 Ubuntu 20.04 - Settings		- □ ×
General	Hetwork	
System	Adapter 1 Adapter 2 Adapter 3 Adapter 4	
Display	✓ Enable Network Adapter Attached to: Host-only Adapter ∨	
Storage	Mume: VirtualBox Most-Only Ethernet Adapter	~
Audi o	▶ Advanced	
Network	1	
Serial Ports		
NSB USB		
Shared Folders	1. Contraction of the second sec	
User Interface		
	6	
·		OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp

2.1.3 Install SSH Server

SSH Server Installation

```
sudo apt-get install ssh
sudo apt-get install openssh-server
```

After installation, some ssh settings can be changed, such as port, password authentication, root login, etc.

```
vim /etc/ssh/sshd_config
Port 22
PasswordAuthentication yes
PermitRootLogin yes -> 是否开放 root 登入
```

Restart SSH after modification

/etc/init.d/ssh restart

2.1.4 Install Samba Server

Ubuntu VB requires the Samba package to be installed for subsequent files sharing with Host PC.

Before installing Samba, use if config to get IP information, the first installation will show that there is no net-tool support, it needs to install net-tool

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```
sudo apt install net-tools
sudo apt-get install samba samba-common
```

Create the samba password for the account

```
sudo smbpasswd -a cvitek
```

Modify /etc/samba/smb.conf and add the following

```
[cvitek]path = /home/cvitek
writable = yes
browseable= yes
valid users = cvitek
```

Start samba server

sudo service smbd restart

WINDOW PC connects to Samba server (<Server IP>)

~ 網路位置 (1)



Refer to 1.2 to install CVITEK Build Environment to compile.

2.2 Build a compilation environment

Before compiling the SDK, the following packages need to be installed in Ubuntu.

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install -y build-essential
sudo apt-get install -y ninja-build
sudo apt-get install -y automake
sudo apt-get install -y autoconf
sudo apt-get install -y libtool
sudo apt-get install -y wget
sudo apt-get install -y curl
sudo apt-get install -y git
sudo apt-get install -y gcc
sudo apt-get install -y libssl-dev
sudo apt-get install -y bc
sudo apt-get install -y slib
sudo apt-get install -y squashfs-tools
sudo apt-get install -y android-sdk-libsparse-utils
sudo apt-get install -y android-sdk-ext4-utils
sudo apt-get install -y jq
sudo apt-get install -y cmake
```

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```
sudo apt-get install -y python3-distutils
sudo apt-get install -y tclsh
sudo apt-get install -y scons
sudo apt-get install -y parallel
sudo apt-get install -y ssh-client
sudo apt-get install -y tree
sudo apt-get install -y python3-dev
sudo apt-get install -y python3-pip
sudo apt-get install -y device-tree-compiler
sudo apt-get install -y libssl-dev
sudo apt-get install -y ssh
sudo apt-get install -y cpio
sudo apt-get install -y squashfs-tools
sudo apt-get install -y fakeroot
sudo apt-get install -y libncurses5
sudo apt-get install -y flex
sudo apt-get install -y bison
```

2.3 Install SDK

The SDK is usually placed in the customer-specific FTP, /home/SDK/cv18xx_t(SDK_Version), taking SDK V 4.0.0 as an example here.

sdk		2022-08-10 15:48
extra		2022-08-10 15:48
t4.0.0_source.tar.gz	878 731	2022-08-10 15:34
host-tools.tar.gz	1 391 483	2022-08-10 15:32

Get t4.0.0_source.tar.gz and unzip it

\$ tar zxvf t4.0.0 source.tar.gz

Get host-tool.tar.gz and unzip it in the SDK working directory

```
$ cd cv180x_t4.0.0_source
$ tar zxvf host-tools.tar.gz
```

2.4 Compilation

2.4.1 Environment Variables Description

The pre-compilation operation is mostly for setting two environment variables: \$CHIP, \$BOARD,

\$CHIP variable is required to be set according to the user' s SOC.

\$BOARD variable has a different driver for each EVB and must be set correctly.

For example:

 $BOARD=wevb_0008a_spinor: is SPINOR + DDR2 1333 64 MB hardware combination$

 $BOARD=wevb_0009a_spinand: is SPINAND + DDR3 1866 128MB hardware combination$

Note: wevb_0008a / wevb_0009a can be obtained by the EVB laser model directly.

2.4.2 Compile the Entire Package

Before setting the environment variables, the following commands are required to initialize the environment. The ICs and EVB version numbers currently supported by the SDK will be listed by the system.

```
$ source build/cvisetup.sh
       _____
   Usage:
   (1) menuconfig - Use menu to configure your board.
       ex: $ menuconfig
   (2) defconfig $CHIP ARCH - List EVB boards($BOARD) by CHIP ARCH.
       ** cv183x ** -> ['cv1829', 'cv1832', 'cv1835', 'cv1838', 'cv9520',
→'cv7581']
      ** cv182x ** -> ['cv1820', 'cv1821', 'cv1822', 'cv1823', 'cv1825',
→'cv1826', 'cv7327', 'cv7357']
      ** cv181x ** -> ['cv181x', 'cv1823a', 'cv1821a', 'cv1820a', 'cv1811h',
→'cv1811c', 'cv1810c', 'cv1812h']
      ** cv180x ** -> ['cv180x', 'cv1800b', 'cv1800c', 'cv1801b', 'cv1801c']
                              (3) defconfig $BOARD - Choose EVB board
       ex: $ defconfig cv183x
\rightarrow settings.
       ex: $ defconfig cv1835_wevb_0002a
       ex: $ defconfig cv1826_wevb_0005a_spinand
       ex: $ defconfig cv180x_fpga_c906
                                        _____
```

After initialization, the compilation configuration can be set in the following two ways

2.4.2.1 Set by defconfig

Select IC: Take cv180x as an example, the system will print out the EVB (\$CHIP_\$BOARD) board supported by cv180x built-in.

```
$ defconfig cv180x
* cv180x * the avaliable cvitek EVB boards
cv180x - cv180x_fpga [FPGA]
cv180x_palladium [PALLADIUM]
cv1800b - cv1800b_wdmb_0008a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 8MB + QFN SIP 64MB]
cv1800b_wevb_0008a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 64MB]
cv1800c - cv1800c_wevb_0009a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 64MB]
cv1801b - cv1801b_wevb_0008a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 128MB]
cv1801c - cv1801c_wdmb_0009a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 128MB]
cv1801c - cv1801c_wdmb_0009a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 128MB]
cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 128MB]
cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 128MB]
cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 128MB]
cv1812h_wevb_0007a_spinor [C906B + SPINOR 16MB + BGA SIP 256MB]
```

Select the EVB version number cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor, then the system will list the automatically set environment variables. (Subsequently, cvi_print_env can also be used to print the environment variables currently in use)

```
$ defconfig cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor
====== Environment Variables ======
PROJECT: cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor, DDR_CFG=ddr3_1866_x16
CHIP_ARCH: CV180X, DEBUG=0
SDK VERSION: musl_riscv64, RPC=0
ATF options: ATF_KEY_SEL=default, BL32=1
Linux source folder:linux_5.10, Uboot source folder: u-boot-2021.10
CROSS_COMPILE_PREFIX: riscv64-unknown-linux-musl-
ENABLE_BOOTLOGO: 0
Flash layout xml: build/boards/cv180x/cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor/part
ition/partition_spinor.xml
Sensor tuning bin: gcore_gc4653
Output path: install/soc_cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor
```

2.4.2.2 Set by Menuconfig

After initialization, type in menuconfig to enter the following page to select various SDK internal settings, including CHIP, EVB board number, etc.

```
(Top)+<sup>3</sup>
CViTek MediaSDK Configuration*<sup>3</sup>
(generic) Customer define*<sup>4</sup>
Chip selection (cv1801c) --->*<sup>4</sup>
Board selection (wevb_0009a_spinor (C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 64MB))--->*<sup>4</sup>
DDR configuration selection (ddr3_1866_x16) --->*<sup>4</sup>
(riscv) Arch define*<sup>4</sup>
Compile-time checks and compiler options --->*<sup>4</sup>
SDK options --->*<sup>4</sup>
```

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• (Top) 🖓			٦
FIP setting>+			
Storage settings>+			
Sensor settings>+			
Panel settings>+'			
uboot options>+			
Kernel options>+'			
ROOTFS options>+'			
Turnkey options>+			
RTOS options>+			
Rootfs packages>+ ³			
<i>م</i> .			
 [Space/Enter] Toggle/enter 	[ESC] Leave menu	[S] Save+ ^J	
[O] Load	[?] Symbol info	[/] Jump to symbol↓	1
[F] Toggle show-help mode	[C] Toggle show-name mode	[A] Toggle show-all mode↔	
<pre>[Q] Quit (prompts for save)</pre>	[D] Save minimal config (a	dvanced)↩	

The configuration process can be set/returned by [Enter] [Space] [ESC]

After configuration, press [S] to save the configuration file, then press [Q] to leave the graphical interface

(Or press ESC and a graphical interface will automatically pop up asking whether to save)

Select IC (cv1801c as an example)

• (Top).1							 	
-		CViTe	sk MediaSI	K Config	uration	a.		
 () none. 								
() cv182	9.,							
() cv183	2.							
() cv183	5.,							
() cv183	8.,							
() ev758	1							
() cv952	0.1							
() cv182	0.1							
() cv182	1							
() ev182	2							
() cv182	3.,							
() cv182	5.,							
() cv182	6.							
() ev732	7.1							
() ev/3	17.1							
() ev181	.0c							
() evisi	10.							
() evisi	.10.1							
() evisi	40.1							
() evisi								
() color	1							
() crr182	2							
() cv18(0b.							
() cv180	0.0							
() cv180	1b.							
(X) cv180	10.							
() cv180	x a							
• a								

The EVB version number will list the corresponding choices, and the selection of EVB will also specify the compiled image's DDR and Flash size (for this example, the selected EVB comes with DDR3 and 16MB of SPINOR Flash).

(Top)*
CViTek MediaSDK Configuration*
() wdmb_0009a_spinor (C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 128MB)*
() wevb_0009a_spinand (C906B + SPINAND 256MB + QFN SIP 128MB)*
(X) wevb_0009a_spinor (C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 128MB)*

Finally, exit the selection and save the settings (they will be stored in. /build/.config) to complete the selection of the SDK compilation configuration.

2.4.3 Compile the Entire SDK Files

Execute the compilation and get the images available for burning.

```
cvitek@cvitek-VirtualBox:~/working_dir$ build_all
. Run build_uboot () function
...
/work/install/cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor/upgrade.zip done!
```

The complied file will be placed in ./install/soc_<EVB Name>/

2.4.4 Compile part of the SDK files

2.4.4.1 Compile Uboot Separately

Each EVB board defines in a specific location the initialization operations that the EVB needs to take before entering U-Boot or defines a specific PINMUX. Taking the board cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor as an example, they will be defined in.

build/boards/CV181X/\$CHIP_\$BOARD/u-boot/cvi_board_init.c

```
int cvi_board_init(void)
{
    #if defined(CV180X_QFN_88_PIN)
        PINMUX_CONFIG(PAD_MIPI_TXP1, IIC2_SCL);
        PINMUX_CONFIG(PAD_MIPI_TXM1, IIC2_SDA);
        PINMUX_CONFIG(PAD_MIPI_TXP0, XGPIOC_13);
        PINMUX_CONFIG(PAD_MIPI_TXM0, CAM_MCLK1);
    #elif defined(CV180X_QFN_88_PIN_38)
        return 0;
}
```

The corresponding u-boot configuration, defined in CV181X:

./build/boards/CV181X/\$CHIP_\$BOARD/u-boot/\$CHIP_\$BOARD_defconfig

```
Partial cvitek_cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor_defconfig
CONFIG_RISCV=y
CONFIG_SYS_MALLOC_F_LEN=0x2000
CONFIG_NR_DRAM_BANKS=1
CONFIG_DEFAULT_DEVICE_TREE="cv180x_asic"
CONFIG_IDENT_STRING=" cvitek_cv180x"
```

Modify Uboot Config with a graphical interface

•\$ 1	menuconfig uboot.	
	.config - U-Boot 2021.10 Configuration	
.5	Arrow keys navigate the menu. <enter> selects submenus> (or empty submenus). Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <y>includes, <n> excludes, <m> modularizes features. Press <esc><esc> to exit, <? > for Help, for Search. Legend: [*] built-in [].</esc></esc></m></n></y></enter>	a
• .a	Architecture select (RISCV architecture)> ARM architecture> General setup> Boot images> API> Boot timing> Boot timing> Environment (1) delay in seconds before automatically booting Console>	a
ы	<select> < Exit > < Help > < Save > < Load >.</select>	

After exiting, the settings will be stored in:

./u-boot/build/"\$CHIP"_"\$BOARD"/.config

Execute compilation

\$ build_uboot

When completed, fip.bin will be generated

Compile U-Boot fragments in Makefile

```
u-boot-build: ${UBOOT_PATH}/${UBOOT_OUTPUT_FOLDER} ${UBOOT_CVIPART_DEP} ${UBOOT_

→OUTPUT_CONFIG_PATH}

$(call print_target)

${Q}rm -f ${UBOOT_CVI_BOARD_INIT_PATH}

${Q}ln -s ${BUILD_PATH}/boards/${PROJECT_FULLNAME}/u-boot/cvi_board_init.c $

→{UBOOT_CVI_BOARD_INIT_PATH}

${Q}$(MAKE) -j${NPROC} -C ${UBOOT_PATH} olddefconfig

${Q}$(MAKE) -j${NPROC} -C ${UBOOT_PATH} all

$(call uboot_compress_action)
```

2.4.4.2 Compile kernel separately

Modify the kernel (ex:*.dts, kernel) and recompile the Linux kernel image.

Each EVB has a corresponding dts file to define its device tree, take cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor for example, its DTS file is defined in:

./build/boards/cv180x/"\$CHIP"_"\$BOARD"/dts_riscv/"\$CHIP"_"\$BOARD".dts`

```
#/dts-v1/;
#include "cv180x_base_riscv.dtsi"
#include "cv180x_asic_qfn.dtsi"
#include "cv180x_asic_spinor.dtsi"
#include "cv180x_default_memmap.dtsi"
```

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/ { };

Its corresponding linux configuration is defined in:

./build/boards/"\$CHIP"_"\$BOARD"/linux/"\$CHIP"_"\$BOARD"_defconfig

```
Partial cv1801c_wevb_0009a_spinor
CONFIG_SYSVIPC=y
CONFIG_POSIX_MQUEUE=y
CONFIG_NO_HZ_IDLE=y
CONFIG_HIGH_RES_TIMERS=y
CONFIG_PREEMPT=y
CONFIG_IKCONFIG=y
CONFIG_IKCONFIG_PROC=y
CONFIG_LOG_BUF_SHIFT=15
CONFIG_LOG_BUF_SHIFT=15
....
```

Modify Kernel Config with graphical interface

\$ menuconfig_kernel



After exiting, the settings will be store in:

./linux/build/"\$CHIP"_"\$BOARD"/.config

\$ build_kernel

When completed, boot.spinor will be generated

Compile Kernel fragments in Makefile.

```
kernel-build: ${KERNEL_OUTPUT_CONFIG_PATH}
  $(call print_target)
  ${Q}echo LOCALVERSION=${LOCALVERSION}
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
${Q}$(MAKE) -j${NPROC} -C ${KERNEL_PATH} O=${KERNEL_PATH}/${KERNEL_OUTPUT_

→FOLDER} olddefconfig

${Q}$(MAKE) -j${NPROC} -C ${KERNEL_PATH}/${KERNEL_OUTPUT_FOLDER} Image_

→modules

${Q}$(MAKE) -j${NPROC} -C ${KERNEL_PATH}/${KERNEL_OUTPUT_FOLDER} modules_

→install headers_install INSTALL_HDR_PATH=${KERNEL_PATH}/${KERNEL_OUTPUT_

→FOLDER}/$(ARCH)/usr

${Q} In -sf ${KERNEL_PATH}/${KERNEL_OUTPUT_FOLDER}/$(ARCH)/usr/include $

${KERNEL_PATH}/${KERNEL_OUTPUT_FOLDER}/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$(ARCH)/$
```

2.4.4.3 Compile middleware separately

Modify middleware (cvi_test / sample_dsi), recompile middleware and system

The generated Install/PROJECT_NAME/system.* contains the latest middleware

\$ build_middleware; pack_rootfs

```
pushd "$MW_PATH"/component/isp
make all
popd
pushd "$MW_PATH"/sample
make all
```

build_middleware will recompile the Sensor driver (in middleware/component/isp/) and sample application (in middleware/sample/), and finally pack_rootfs will package the changed driver and application into a burnable image.

2.5 Partitions

 $\rm CV181X$ SDK will generate the following image files, each representing a different partition, listed below:

- FIP : Bootloader/U-Boot partition
 - CV180X/ CV181X C906 adopts FSBL+OPENSBI+UBOOT architecture, and also reuses (FIP) file name after the final package, which is convenient for subsequent use.
- BOOT : Partition for Linux Kernel
- 2nd(dual-system) : The partition where Yun on Processor (YOC) is located.
- MISC : Boot Logo partition
- ROOTFS : root file system partition
- SYSTEM: Partition where CVITEK libraries are located
- DATA : Using data partition

Note: The 2nd partition is a dual-system-specific partition and exists only in a dual-system environment.

2.5.1 Partition File Modification

The same EVB may have different Flash, and the SDK will separate them with different board numbers. For example cv1811c_wdmb_0006a_spinand and cv1811c_wdmb_0006a_spinor represent the Flash on the development board as SPINAND and SPINOR respectively, and the partition files are placed in

```
./build/boards/<CHIP>/<EVB_Name>/partition/partition_<physical_partition>.xml
```

Note: physical_partition supports SPINAND/SPINOR.

For example, the partition files of cv1801c_wdmb_0009a_spinor are displayed as follows:

In a single-system environment:

In a dual-system environment:

```
build/boards/cv181x/cv1811c_wdmb_0006a_spinor/partition/partition_spinor.xml
<physical_partition type="spinor">
   <partition label="fip" size_in_kb="512" readonly="false" file="fip.bin"/>
   <partition label="2nd" size in kb="3072" readonly="false" file="yoc.bin"/>
   <partition label="BOOT" size_in_kb="5120" readonly="false" file="boot.spinor</pre>
→"/>
   <partition label="MISC" size_in_kb="128" readonly="false" file="logo.jpg"/>
   <partition label="PARAM" size_in_kb="64" file="" />
   <partition label="PARAM_BAK" size_in_kb="64" file="" />
   <partition label="ENV" size_in_kb="64" file="" />
   <partition label="ENV_BAK" size_in_kb="64" file="" />
   <partition label="ROOTFS" size_in_kb="3392" readonly="false" file="rootfs.</pre>

→spinor" />

   <partition label="DATA" size_in_kb="1024" readonly="false" file="data.spinor</pre>
\rightarrow " mountpoint="/mnt/data" type="jffs2" />
</physical_partition>
```

- physical_partiti type: flash type.
- partition label: partition name.

- size_in_kb: partition size (in KB).
- file: name of the image file pointed to.
- type: (in the partition tab field) file system format.
- mountpoint: partition mount path.

Note: The 2nd partition is a dual-system-specific partition and exists only in a dual-system environment.



3.1 Preparation Before Use

- The burning files generated by the previous section 2.4.2.3.
- Micro SD card in FAT32 format.

3.2 Operation Process

- Put the burning files (as shown in the table below) into the SD card.
- Insert the SD card into the SD card slot of the CVITEK EVB.
- Reboot the platform.

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3.3 Operation Example

Confirm the files before use

Take SPINAND as an example	Take SPINOR as an example	Take EMMC as an example
1.8M yoc.bin(dual-system)	1.8M yoc.bin(dual-system)	1.8M yoc.bin(dual-system)
535K fip.bin	508K fip.bin	486K fip.bin
2.6M fw_payload_uboot.bin	182K fip_spl.bin	2.5M fw_payload_uboot.bin
4.0M ramboot.itb	$2.49\mathrm{M}$	5.3M ramboot.itb
2.6M boot.spinand	$fw_payload_uboot.bin$	2.8M boot.emmc
3M rootfs.spinand	4.3M ramboot.itb	6.7M rootfs.emmc
1.9M cfg.spinand	3.7M boot.spinor	9.5M cfg.emmc
1.9M system.spinand	3.18M rootfs.spinor	4.7M system.emmc
	292B data.spinor	

Note: The "yoc.bin" file in the above table is exclusive to the dual-system and exists only in a dual-system environment.

Insert the SD card and connect the CV180X/CV181X platform to the power supply and then boot it up, the burning process will start automatically. DL flag indicates that the main IC detects that there are files in the SD Card that can be burned at present.

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```
In: serial
Out: serial
Err: serial
Net:
Warning: ethernet@4070000 (eth0) using random MAC address - 3a:6d:3f:aa:9e:d6
eth0: ethernet@4070000
Hit any key to stop autoboot: 0
## Resetting to default environment
Start SD downloading.....
```

When the platform is finished burning, the following information can be seen in the UART port, power off the platform, pull out the SD card and reboot it, then the burning process is finished. (The log will show for each partition the files read and write to the Flash location)

```
## Resetting to default environment
Start SD downloading...
497664 bytes read in 25 ms (19 MiB/s)
spinor id = 1C 71 18
SF: Detected EN25QX128A with page size 256 Bytes, erase size 64 KiB, total 16_{\sqcup}
⊶MiB
. . . . . .
Header Version:1
2996612 bytes read in 137 ms (20.9 MiB/s)
device 0 offset 0x100000, size 0x2db944
0 bytes written, 2996548 bytes skipped in 0.125s, speed 23972384 B/s
sf update speed 22.196 MB/s
64 bytes read in 3 ms (20.5 KiB/s)
Header Version:1
. . . . . .
Saving Environment to SPIFlash... Erasing SPI flash...Writing to SPI flash...
⊶done
Valid environment: 1
OK
cv180x_c906#
```

3.4 Precautions

Please make sure the SD Card is properly formatted to FAT32 format.

4 EVB Interface Description

The picture below shows CV180x EVB

A. UART Debug Port

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- B. Sensor 0 EVB slot
- C. Sensor 1 EVB slot
- D. EVB version number
- E. Panel EVB slot
- F. SD card slot
- G. Ethernet 0 connection port
- H. Host IC CV180x



The picture below shows CV181x EVB

- I. UART Debug Port
- J. Sensor 0 EVB slot

- K. Sensor 1 EVB slot
- L. EVB version number
- M. Panel EVB slot
- N. SD card slot
- O. Ethernet 0 connection port
- P. Host IC CV181x





5.1 Overview of Root File System

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The kernel is the core of the Linux operating system and the file system is the main tool for communication between the user and the operating system. So to use Linux, it is important to understand the file system principles first.

The root file system structure is a tree directory structure starting with "/" as the "root", and a device (ex: eMMC) is mounted on the root directory when the kernel program image (uImage) is booted. The root file system is usually stored in internal memory (DRAM) or non-volatile memory (FLASH), or in a file system accessible via the network (NFS). All applications and libraries are placed in the file system according to categories, and the following diagram shows the root file system directory structure.

```
/ Root directory
bin Executable file
dev Device file
etc System configuration file (ex: startup file)
home User Directory
init Script executed at boot
kdump Kernel debugging directory
lib Libraries include glibc, shared library and kernel modules
mnt Mount points for temporary file systems
proc Virtual file system for kernel and process information
sbin System managed executable file
sys System device and file hierarchy, providing kernel data
usr This directory contains user-defined applications and files
var Store system logs and service program files
```

5.2 Rootfs

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This section describes how the file system is composed, and the detailed path is in ramdisk/rootfs/

5.2.1 Pre-build Rootfs Structure

The structure of the file system is divided into three main types of directories, which are iterated over Rootfs layer by layer, and are described below:

• Basic rootfs:

At this stage, we provide pre-build rootfs files based on the following four types of Arch

Arch	Libc	Pre-build ramdisk path
Arm	glibc	ramdisk/rootfs/common_arm/
Arm	uclibc	ramdisk/rootfs/common_uclibc/
Aarch64	glibc	ramdisk/rootfs/common_arm64/
Riscv64	glibc	ramdisk/rootfs/common_riscv64/
Riscv64	musl	ramdisk/rootfs/common_musl64/

• Processor configuration rootfs:

We place all Processorset dependent boot settings in ramdisk/rootfs/overlay/\$CHIP

• Third-party rootfs:

We place all third-party software compiled library, utility, and related file in ramdisk/rootfs/public/



It can be decided by means of a menu which Third-party software should be placed in Rootfs

\$ menuconfig



_	
•	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration
	Chip selection (cv1801c)>+
	Board selection (wevb 0009a spinor (C906B + SPINOR 16MB + QFN SIP 64MB)>+
	DDR configuration selection (ddr3 1866 x16)>+
(ar	64) Arch define
	Compile-time checks and compiler options>+
	SDK options>+
	FIP setting>
	Storage settings
	Sensor settings
	nanel settings
	Varnal ontings
	Rentre options
- 1	Rootis packages
- [Sn	ce/Enterl Toggle/enter (ESC) Leave menu (S1 Setted
- [5p	Load [] loggie/enter [Log heave ment [] Save
[0]	Toggle show help mode [C] Toggle show name mode [A] Toggle show hell mode
[1]	Out (normal for and [D] Sure minel config (charged)
[Q]	Quit (prompts for save) [D] save minimal config (advanced)*
 (To)) → Rootfs packages+
•	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration
•[]	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration®
•[]	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration® Target adbd® Target package of AP6201BM fw files®
•[] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration® Target adbd Target package of AP6201BM fw files Target package bluetooth
•[] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration® Target adbd Target package of AP6201BM fw files Target package bluetooth Target package cvitracer
•[] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration [®] Target adbd [#] Target package of AP6201BM fw files [#] Target package bluetooth [#] T <mark>arget package cvitracer</mark> [#] Target package dropbear [#]
• [] [] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration [®] Target adbd [#] Target package of AP6201BM fw files [#] Target package bluetooth [#] Target package cvitracer [#] Target package dropbear [#] Target package dropbear [#]
• [] [] [] [] [] [] [*]	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁴ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁴ Target package bluetooth ⁴ Target package cvitracer ⁴ Target package dropbear ⁴ Target package e2fsprogs ⁴ Target gdbserver ⁴
• [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁴ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁴ Target package bluetooth ⁴ Target package cvitracer ⁴ Target package dropbear ⁴ Target package e2fsprogs ⁴ Target gdbserver ⁴ Target package htop ⁴
• [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁴⁰ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁴⁰ Target package bluetooth ⁴⁰ Target package cvitracer ⁴⁰ Target package dropbear ⁴⁰ Target package e2fsprogs ⁴⁰ Target gdbserver ⁴⁰ Target package htop ⁴⁰ Target package libbtrace ⁴⁰
• [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁰ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁰ Target package bluetooth ⁰ Target package cvitracer ⁰ Target package cvitracer ⁰ Target package e2fsprogs ⁰ Target gdbserver ⁰ Target package htop ⁰ Target package libbrace ⁰ Target package libbrace ⁰
• [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁴ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁴ Target package bluetooth ⁴ Target package cvitracer ⁴ Target package dropbear ⁴ Target package e2fsprogs ⁴ Target package htop ⁴ Target package htop ⁴ Target package libbtrace ⁴ Target package libbtrace ⁴ Target package libcrypto ⁴
• [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁴ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁴ Target package bluetooth ⁴ Target package cvitracer ⁴ Target package dropbear ⁴ Target package dropbear ⁴ Target package htop ⁴ Target package htop ⁴ Target package libbrace ⁴ Target package libbrace ⁴ Target package libbrypto ⁴ Target package libcurl ⁴
• [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁴ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁴ Target package bluetooth ⁴ Target package cvitracer ⁴ Target package dropbear ⁴ Target package dropbear ⁴ Target package e2fsprogs ⁴ Target package htop ⁴ Target package htop ⁴ Target package libbrrace ⁴ Target package libbrrace ⁴ Target package libbrrace ⁴ Target package libbrrate ⁴ Target package libbrrate ⁴ Target package libbrrate ⁴ Target package libbret ⁴
	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁴ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁴ Target package bluetooth ⁴ Target package cvitracer ⁴ Target package dropbear ⁴ Target package dropbear ⁴ Target package e2fsprogs ⁴ Target package htop ⁴ Target package htop ⁴ Target package libbtrace ⁴ Target package libbrent ⁴ Target package libbrent ⁴
	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Iarget adbd ⁴ Iarget package of AP6201BM fw files ⁴ Iarget package bluetooth ⁴ Iarget package cvitracer ⁴ Iarget package dropbear ⁴ Iarget package e2fsprogs ⁴ Iarget package htop ⁴ Iarget package htop ⁴ Iarget package libbtrace ⁴ Iarget package libbrace ⁴ Iarget package libcurl ⁴ Iarget package libcurl ⁴ Iarget package libvent ⁴ Iarget package libvent ⁴ Iarget package libvent ⁴
	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁰ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁰ Target package bluetooth ⁰ Target package cvitracer ⁰ Target package dropbear ⁰ Target package dropbear ⁰ Target gdbserver ⁰ Target package htop ⁰ Target package libbrace ⁰ Target package libbrace ⁰ Target package libcrypto ⁰ Target package libevent ⁰ Target package liberef ⁰ Target pac
	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁰ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁰ Target package bluetooth ⁰ Target package cvitracer ⁰ Target package dropbear ⁰ Target package dropbear ⁰ Target package htop ⁰ Target package htop ⁰ Target package libbtrace ⁰ Target package libbtrace ⁰ Target package libcurl ⁰ Target package libcurl ⁰ Target package libereft ⁰ Target package liblereft ⁰
	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Target adbd ⁰ Target package of AP6201BM fw files ⁰ Target package bluetooth ⁰ Target package cvitracer ⁰ Target package dropbear ⁰ Target package dropbear ⁰ Target package htop ⁰ Target package htop ⁰ Target package libbtrace ⁰ Target package libbtrace ⁰ Target package libcurl ⁰ Target package libcurl ⁰ Target package libivent ⁰ Target package libiverl ⁰
• () () () () () () () () () ()	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Iarget adbd ⁴ Iarget package of AP6201BM fw files ^{4/} Iarget package bluetooth ^{4/2} Iarget package cvitracer ^{4/2} Iarget package dropbear ^{4/2} Iarget package http:// Iarget package http:// Iarget package http:// Iarget package http:// Iarget package libburace ^{4/2} Iarget package libcurl ^{4/2} Iarget package libcurl ^{4/2} Iarget package libiperf ^{4/2} Iarget package libiperf ^{4/2} Iarget package libipersl ^{4/2} Iarget package libipontsl ^{4/2}
• [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration ⁰ Iarget adbd ⁰ Iarget package of AP6201BM fw files ⁰ Iarget package bluetooth ⁰ Iarget package cvitracer ⁰ Iarget package dropbear ⁰ Iarget package htop ¹ Iarget package htop ¹ Iarget package htop ¹ Iarget package libbrace ¹ Iarget package libbrace ¹ Iarget package libbrace ¹ Iarget package libbret ² Iarget package libbret ² Iarget package libiperf ² Iarget package libipenssl ² Iarget package libprotobuf ²
• [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	CViTek MediaSDK Configuration* Iarget adbd* Iarget package of AP6201BM fw files* Iarget package bluetooth* Target package cvitracer* Iarget package dropbear* Iarget package libbtrace* Iarget package libbrace* Iarget package libbrypto* Iarget package libburl* Iarget package libburl* Iarget package libbrens!* Iarget package libbrens!* Iarget package liborypto* Iarget package liborypto* Iarget package libors!* Iarget package liborotouf* Iarget package liboroutouf*

5.2.2 Compile the rootfs from buildroot

This section is an example of how to generate the rootfs from buildroot and run it on EVB. If the pre-build rootfs described in the previous section is used, this section can be ignored.

1. Get buildroot repository

https://github.com/sophgo/buildroot-2021.05

2. Configure buildroot

```
$ cd buildroot-2021.05
```

```
$ make menuconfig
```



Arrow keys navigate the hotkeys. Pressing <y> s for Search. Legend: [*]</y>	Buildroot -gd2c753 menu. <enter> selects submenus elects a feature, while <n> exc feature is selected [] feature</n></enter>	ad24-dirty Configuration > (or empty submenus). Ludes a feature. Press <esc><es re is excluded</es </esc>	Highlighted letters are sc> to exit, for Help,
Martin Barra	Target options> Build options> Toolchain> System configuration> Kernel> Target packages> Filesystem images> Bootloaders> Host utilities> Legacy config options>	r for and a start of the start	
	<mark>«Select»</mark> < Exit > <	Help > < Save > < Load >	

3. Set Arch Info & Toolchain & Packages

There are some default configuration files in the configs directory, which can be quickly configured by running make cvitek_XXX_defconfig

Set the architecture

ARM



RISCV



Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus ----> (or empty submenus ----). Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> selects a feature, while <N> excludes a feature. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] feature is selected [] feature is excluded

N. S.	Target Architecture (RISCV) > Target Binary Format (ELF) > Target Architecture Variant (Custom architecture) > *** Instruction Set Extensions *** [*] [*] Integer Multiplication and Division (M) > -*- Atomic Instructions (A) [*] [*] Single-precision Floating-point (F) [*] [*] Compressed Instructions (C) vector Instructions (Vector 0.7 Instructions (VOP7)) [*] T-HEAD Extensions Target Architecture Size (64-bit) Target ABI (lp64d) >
l	
	<pre><select> < Exit > < Help > < Save > < Load ></select></pre>

Set the Toochain

ARM



RISCV

Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus ----> (or empty submenus ----). Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> selects a feature, while <N> excludes a feature. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] feature is selected [] feature is excluded

84 ^c	<pre>Toolchain type (External toolchain)> *** Toolchain External Options *** Toolchain (Custom toolchain)> Toolchain origin (Pre-installed toolchain)> (\$(CROSS_COMPILE_PATH_MUSL_RISCV64)) Toolchain path (riscv64-unknown-linux-musl) Toolchain prefix External toolchain gcc version (10.x)> External toolchain kernel headers series (5.10.x)> External toolchain kernel headers series (5.10.x)> External toolchain kernel headers series (5.10.x)> External toolchain has SSP support? [*] Toolchain has Portran support? [*] Toolchain has Portran support? [*] Toolchain has OpenMP support? [*] Coopy gdb server to the Target *** Toolchain Generic Options *** () Extra toolchain libraries to be copied to target () Target Optimizations i(+)</pre>	
	<pre><select> < Exit > < Help > < Save > < Load ></select></pre>	Pa Billing

Set the software package



Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus ---> (or empty submenus ----). Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> selects a feature, while <N> excludes a feature. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] feature is selected [] feature is excluded

<pre>Image: Second Seco</pre>
<pre><setect> < Exit > () < metp > < Save > < Load ></setect></pre>

4. Compile the buildroot package

\$ make

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- 5. Obtain the rootfs, which is located in output/images/rootfs.tar
- 6. Modify build/Makefile so that SDK can use rootfs generated by buildroot

```
buildroot-prepare:$(OUTPUT_DIR)/rootfs
  $(call print_target)
 #clean_all
 rm -rf $(ROOTFS DIR)/*
 #extract buildroot roofs
 tar xf $(BR_DIR)/output/images/rootfs.tar -C $(ROOTFS_DIR)
rootfs-pack:export CROSS_COMPILE_KERNEL=$(patsubst "%",%,$(CONFIG_CROSS_COMPILE_
→KERNEL))
rootfs-pack:export CROSS_COMPILE_SDK=$(patsubst "%",%,$(CONFIG_CROSS_COMPILE_
\rightarrow SDK))
rootfs-pack:$(OUTPUT_DIR)/rawimages
#rootfs-pack:rootfs-prepare
rootfs-pack:buildroot-prepare
rootfs-pack:
 $(call print_target)
  ${Q}printf '\033[1;36;40m Striping rootfs \033[0m\n'
ifeq (${FLASH_SIZE_SHRINK},y)
 ${Q}printf 'remove unneeded files'
 ${Q} $(COMMON_TOOLS_PATH)/spinand_tool/clean_rootfs.sh $(ROOTFS_DIR)
endif
  Q find (ROOTFS_DIR) -name "*.ko" -type f -printf 'striping %p\n' -exec
$(CROSS_COMPILE_KERNEL)strip --strip-unneeded {} \;
 ${Q}find $(ROOTFS_DIR) -name "*.so*" -type f -printf 'striping %p\n' -exec
${Q}find $(ROOTFS_DIR) -executable -type f ! -name "*.sh" ! -path "*etc*" ! -
→path "*.ko" -printf 'striping %p\n' -exec $(CROSS_COMPILE_SDK)strip --strip-
\rightarrowall {} 2>/dev/null \;
```

7. Generate the new ROOTFS burnable image files

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\$ pack_rootfs

8. Burn to the board by the steps mentioned in Chapter 3

5.2.3 Package rootfs as a Burnable Image File

Package the rootfs folder from the previous steps with the mksquashfs tool, compress it with XZ, and the end product is rootfs.spinor / rootfs.spinand / rootfs.emmc, which can be burned to Flash.

Refer to the rootfs-pack in build/Makefile for details:

```
rootfs-pack:export CROSS_COMPILE_KERNEL=$(patsubst "%",%,$(CONFIG_CROSS_COMPILE_
→KERNEL))
rootfs-pack:export CROSS COMPILE SDK=$(patsubst "%",%,$(CONFIG CROSS COMPILE
→SDK))
rootfs-pack:$(OUTPUT_DIR)/rawimages
rootfs-pack:rootfs-prepare
rootfs-pack:
    $(call print_target)
    ${Q}printf '\033[1;36;40m Striping rootfs \033[0m\n'
ifeq (${FLASH_SIZE_SHRINK},y)
    ${Q}printf 'remove unneeded files'
    ${Q} $(COMMON_TOOLS_PATH)/spinand_tool/clean_rootfs.sh $(ROOTFS_DIR)
endif
    ${Q}find $(ROOTFS_DIR) -name "*.ko" -type f -printf 'striping %p\n' -exec
$(CROSS_COMPILE_KERNEL)strip --strip-unneeded {} \;
    ${Q}find $(ROOTFS_DIR) -name "*.so*" -type f -printf 'striping %p\n' -exec
${Q}find $(ROOTFS_DIR) -executable -type f ! -name "*.sh" ! -path "*etc*" !
→-path "*.ko" -printf 'striping %p\n' -exec $(CROSS_COMPILE_SDK)strip --strip-
\rightarrowall {} 2>/dev/null \;
ifeq ($(STORAGE_TYPE), spinor)
    ${Q}mksquashfs $(ROOTFS_DIR) $(OUTPUT_DIR)/rawimages/rootfs.sqsh -root-
\hookrightarrowowned -comp xz
else
    ${Q}mksquashfs $(ROOTFS_DIR) $(OUTPUT_DIR)/rawimages/rootfs.sqsh -root-
\rightarrow owned -comp xz -e mnt/cfg/*
endif
ifeq ($(STORAGE_TYPE), spinand)
    ${Q}python3 $(COMMON_TOOLS_PATH)/spinand_tool/mkubiimg.py --ubionly $(FLASH_
→PARTITION_XML) ROOTFS $(OUTPUT_DIR)/rawimages/rootfs.sqsh $(OUTPUT_DIR)/
→rawimages/rootfs.spinand -b $(CONFIG_NANDFLASH_BLOCKSIZE) -p $(CONFIG_
\rightarrow NANDFLASH PAGESIZE)
    ${Q}rm $(OUTPUT_DIR)/rawimages/rootfs.sqsh
else
    ${Q}mv $(OUTPUT_DIR)/rawimages/rootfs.sqsh $(OUTPUT_DIR)/rawimages/rootfs.
\rightarrow $(STORAGE_TYPE)
endif
```

5.2.4 Linux kernel Auto-Load rootfs

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The Linux kernel will determine which device the rootfs is located on based on the root= variable in the bootargs set by uboot

```
'root=...'
    This argument tells the kernel what device is to be used
    as the root filesystem while booting. The default of this
    setting is determined at compile time, and usually is the
    value of the root device of the system that the kernel was
    built on. To override this value, and select the second
    floppy drive as the root device, one would use
    'root=/dev/fd1'.
    The root device can be specified symbolically or
    numerically. A symbolic specification has the form
    /dev/XXYN, where XX designates the device type (e.g., 'hd'
    for ST-506 compatible hard disk, with Y in 'a'-'d'; 'sd'
    for SCSI compatible disk, with Y in 'a'-'e'), Y the driver
    letter or number, and N the number (in decimal) of the
    partition on this device.
    Note that this has nothing to do with the designation of
    these devices on your filesystem. The '/dev/' part is
    purely conventional.
    The more awkward and less portable numeric specification
    of the above possible root devices in major/minor format
    is also accepted. (For example, /dev/sda3 is major 8,
    minor 3, so you could use 'root=0x803' as an alternative.)
```

Ref: https://man7.org/linux/man-pages/man7/bootparam.7.html

$\bf 6$ Accelerate Development with NFS

6.1 Ubuntu Server Side Setting Instructions

Install nfs-kernel-server

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sudo apt-get install nfs-kernel-server

例: mkdir /home/nfs_server

Modify the /etc/exports file and add the following

/home/nfs_server *(rw,sync,no_subtree_check,no_root_squash)

restart nfs service

/etc/init.d/rpcbind restart
/etc/init.d/nfs-kernel-server restart

6.2 EVB Side mount Description

Create mount point in the file system $/\mathrm{mnt}/\mathrm{data}$

mkdir /mnt/data/nfs

mount nfs



mount -t nfs -o nolock 192.168.1.103:/home/ nfs_server /mnt/data/nfs/

6.3 Precautions

PC and board are connected to the same LAN.